

# Medical waste Storage



Size of the room depends on quantities of waste generated and frequency of collection



Plastic bags should be stored in sealed containers to be safely stored and collected and **sealed** properly

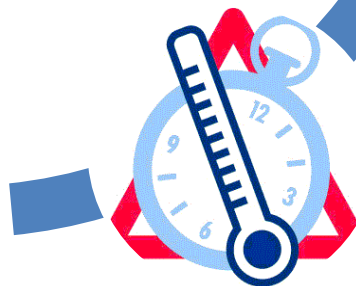


Example labels outside the storage facility



Example labels inside the storage facility

Storage facilities should be labelled in accordance with the hazard level of the stored waste



Medical waste should be stored in a maintained temperature between 15-18 and not longer than 24 hours

# Medical waste segregation chart



## Red Bag

a. Use to transport body parts,organs.

Store in Medical waste room to be collected for disposal



## Yellow Bag

- a. Used to dispose infectious waste.
- b. Containers with blood/body fluids that cannot be emptied.
- c. All microbiological waste (specimens, cultures, and stocks of etiologic agents).
- d. material used for patient care or used by staff (gowns, gloves, suction containers and catheters)
- e. Chemotherapy waste.

Store in Medical waste room to be collected for disposal



## Black Bag

- a. Used to dispose of general hospital waste.
- b. Items that would not release (drip) blood or other potentially infectious materials in a liquid or semi-liquid state.
- d. Laboratory solid waste, not included in the infectious waste category.

Dispose into municipality containers near the facility



## Sharp container

- Used to dispose all needles, scalpels, pipettes, syringes, and glass items.
- Replace the sharps container promptly when the sharps container is  $\frac{3}{4}$  filled (and reaches the fill line) (Housekeeping Services).

Store in Medical waste room to be collected for disposal